

FT. WORTH GAZETTE.

Published Every Day in the Year
(Except Sundays) By
STATE PRINTING COMPANY.

J. L. Williams, President.
J. L. Williams, Vice-President.
J. L. Williams, General Manager.
J. L. Williams, Managing Editor.

LARGEST CITY CIRCULATION.

LARGEST TEXAS CIRCULATION.

LARGEST SOUTHERN CIRCULATION.

Entered at the postoffice at Fort Worth, Texas, as second-class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Daily Gazette—Six issues a week, by mail.
One year, \$5.00
Six months, \$3.00
Three months, \$1.50
Delivered by carrier.
Two Cents a Week.

The Weekly Gazette—Issued on Friday One year, \$5.00
Six months, \$3.00
Three months, \$1.50

Remit by express, money order or registered letter.

All postmasters are authorized to act as agents for the Gazette.

STATE PRINTING CO., Fort Worth, Tex.

General Eastern Agent.

J. C. Beckwith, 60
C. L. Beckwith, 60
C. L. Beckwith, 60

Not owned by the trusts.

MY THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

Resolved, That we hereby endorse the Fort Worth Gazette as an able and fearless exponent of Democracy, and, commending its course in the past, we recommend that the friends of all give it their cordial and active support.

TO POSTMASTERS AND SUBSCRIBERS.

The Gazette desires to be informed whenever an order for the paper is received, so that it may be forwarded at the regular time for arrival. Any information on this subject will be gratefully received.

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The price of the Gazette is ten cents per week, payable weekly, or fifty cents a month if paid at the end of each month. Any amount paid in advance will be credited on the weekly rate.

D. T. COOPER, City Circulator.

FOSTER'S LOCAL FORECASTS.

The storm waves will reach this section and the other changes will occur at and within 100 miles of Fort Worth within twenty-four hours of 8 p. m. of the dates given below:

October 18—Cold.

October 19—Moderating.

COTTON FOR A CENTURY.

Probably no other one article in commerce has varied more in consumption and fluctuation on the market than cotton. Whitney's invention of the cotton gin gave the staple an impetus from which it has been steadily growing until it has become the chief article of commerce in the markets of the world.

In 1794, the year the cotton gin was patented, 35,556 bales were produced in the United States, averaging 225 pounds, and the price was 33 cents per pound; by 1894 the crop had increased to 1,100,000 bales, and the price was lowered to 23 cents. The production gradually increased and in a score of years had reached 600,000 bales, which sold at 17 cents; the weight of bales had been increased to 354 pounds.

What was probably the greatest bull movement ever known in the cotton market occurred in 1878, when cotton advanced in Liverpool 110 per cent, followed by an advance of 85 per cent in this country, but it was a speculative venture and the price soon declined, and by 1880 had gotten as low as 10.94 cents. The crop in that year amounted to 976,445 bales, with an average weight of 338 pounds.

Prices were well sustained during the next decade but in 1890 the largest crop ever produced up to that time caused the greatest average decline for ten years, cotton being sold at 9.92 cents. The crop for the year was 2,177,832 bales, averaging 335 pounds. The number of bales in operation at the close of the decade was 2,253,337.

In 1894 a good authority said "the supply of cotton in the United States, including Texas, is far beyond the wants of Europe," and the price for that year dropped to the lowest known up to that time, 6.62 cents, but advanced the year following. The crop for 1895 was 2,394,000 bales. In 1897 the crop was greatly injured by caterpillars and the price rose to 11.21 cents, but dropped back to 8.63 in 1898.

By 1899 the crop had increased to 4,661,251 bales of 451 pounds, selling at 21 cents, but during the following decade came the "cotton famine," caused by the civil war, and in 1864, when the estimated crop was only 400,000 bales, the price went up to 191.50. By the close of the decade, however, the price went down to 23.45 cents, and the crop amounted to 3,222,531 bales.

In the succeeding ten years there was considerable depression in trade and prices ruled lower. Improved methods of cultivation were largely introduced in the use of sulky cultivators and cotton planters. By 1893, the production had reached 3,761,251 bales; the highest production of the decade, which sold at 12.93 cents. In 1899 the United States had 126 million.

In 1892 drought in the upland districts and the overland of the Mississippi greatly affected crops, but from that year until 1899 the crops were generally good and prices were very low, running around 10 cents. The production in 1899 was 3,711,251 bales. Beginning with 1891 prices began to decline and continued during the decade as a reaction on account of the diminished crop. In 1894 the price again declined and continued during the com-

mercial year of 1895, averaging as low as 6.62 cents for that year. The present season, however, which will be credited to 1896, shows a considerable advance. The crop in 1894 was 2,349,837 bales and in 1895, the largest crop on record, 2,476,432 bales.

The United States during the last ten years has consumed over 7,000,000 bales annually and during the last year this number of bales applied to home consumption was 2,594,182. The consumption in Europe for several years has ranged between 6,000,000 and 7,000,000 bales.

THE PRESIDENT AS A JINGOITE.

A vigorous foreign policy and a new American policy of overseas acquisition are proclaimed as latent developments of Cleveland's administration. The basis of the prediction is slender. Don M. Dickinson recently published an interview talking over with "Jingoism," and it is assumed that he represents the new views of the president. According to his ardent admirers, Mr. Dickinson can be relied upon to express no opinion which has not previously had the approval of the president. No doubt he faithfully tracks this purpose, but it is not impossible that he has "foundered" too strongly a passing remark of his political mentor.

There would be nothing strange, however, in a radical revision of the foreign policy of the administration as it nears its closing days. Mr. Cleveland got his tariff reform views from a stray pamphlet which he chanced to read on a fishing trip during his first presidential term. An accident of no greater moment may have converted the ringing megaphone to a raving jingoite. With nature's accusations to move only on impulse and dependent on physical influences for that impulse anything and everything is possible except the plain, natural course of common reason.

Whatever form the proposed new policy may take, it cannot fail to be a welcome relief from the old. There is virtually no division of sentiment among intelligent Americans on the proposition that it is the duty of the republic to see to it that the governments of the old world shall keep their hands off the affairs of the new. Neither Mr. Cleveland nor his advisors have ever been credited to friend or foe with a sympathetic adherence to that doctrine. If the president has truly changed his views or if one last effort is to be made to maintain an administration which so far has encountered more blows than cheers, there are developments immediately ahead that will be more pleasing to the friends of the American idea than anything that has occurred in recent years. The administration will have a chance on the Venezuelan and Cuban questions and others of lesser importance, to show before the year is out where it stands.

E. T. Dumble, state geologist, has issued a pamphlet on the sale of Texas in which he presents many facts of interest to the agriculturalist, and gives a complete analysis of the various soils of the state, divided into the four preliminary classes, coastal slope basin region, waxy and mountain region, with the several subdivisions under each.

Although there has been a continued decline for three years in the number of votes polled by women in Massachusetts, the men of the Bay State have become alarmed in view of the approaching state election, and a man's suffrage association has been formed to make an active campaign against woman suffrage in municipal politics.

It is given out straight that Mr. Cleveland will support the presidential candidacy of Mr. Whitney. In the absence of any demonstration in the past throwing light on the subject, the masses of the Democratic party are anxious to know what the president does for a cause when he "supports" it.

Secretary Carlisle made the final surrender in his late Boston speech. Adopting the pet phrase of his new friends among the financial 495, he declared that the government "should go out of the banking business." In other words, the secretary has finally made up his mind that the currency ought to be a private snap.

The iron furnaces of the country are turning out 50,000 tons a week in excess of their weekly output at the same period last year. All signs coincide in predicting that 1896 will prove to be the most prosperous year since 1883.

The name of the mugwump new political organization in New York is Geo-Goss. Reference to Lindley Murray would have shown this new brood of reformers that the plural they are looking for is gross.

The biggest state fair ever held in the United States will be opened at Dallas tomorrow, and the indications are that its beginning will be witnessed by the largest crowd of its history.

If Messrs. Corbett and Fitzsimmons are very anxious to pull off their proposed slugfist match without interference they might let their hair grow and join opposing foot ball teams.

There is abundant material for a promotional club in Fort Worth and a strong demand for it. All the movement lacks is somebody to give the first push.

The best thing that people have been able to say for Senator Sherman in a long time is to quote the abuse showered upon him by the Maryland muggwumps.

The Kansas prints a list of railroads wanted by San Antonio. To get them, one or all, it will be observed that San Antonio must come to Fort Worth for them.

No sack gloves for Fitzsimmons. He and Gottfried Clarke are both out for good.

Fresh disturbances in Korea prove the futility of the political settlement which left it a hermit kingdom. It is

obviously fated to fall into the possession of one of its neighbors, and it is unavoidable that there should be a serious dispute between Russia and Japan concerning its disposition.

TEXAS STATE FAIR.

Baylor County Banner: Dallas has been knocked out on the proposed glove contest, but has the state fair and exposition to fall back on.

Paris News: The Dallas Fair comes Saturday and will be larger and better than ever before. It is a great institution and a representative of a most generous patronage.

Galveston Tribune: The great Texas State Fair will open its gates next Saturday and people will enter from all parts of the state. Texas must be well represented both in the exhibits and in the attendance.

It is no a mascot.

Denison Herald: Hugh Fitzgerald, one of the best all-around newspaper men that ever struck Texas, will again officiate this year as the official press representative of the State Fair and Dallas Exposition.

"Fitz" has held down that assignment for the past two years and filled the bill to everybody's satisfaction. He is the right man in the right place and the management of the fair is lucky to have again secured his services. He is a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

It is no a mascot.

lished the northern limits of Greenland, made an accurate chart of 100 miles of the west coast, discovered eleven hitherto unknown islands, collected a series of valuable meteorological records and obtained more knowledge of the native inhabitants than has ever been secured."

THE CHRISTIAN CONVENTION.

An Evangelist Wanted for the Panhandle Country.

Wichita Falls, Tex., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—The convention of the Christian church met in this city Tuesday evening and remained in session until Wednesday at 10:30 p. m. There were present delegates from a number of the Panhandle counties and as far East as Sherman.

This convention was called for the purpose of selecting a missionary to organize the Panhandle country. No one yet has been selected to do this work, but a committee composed of the elders of the churches, Bowie and Quanah are to correspond with all the churches in this territory and find out what assistance they will pledge in making the district self supporting. A number of pledges were made during the convention.

COUNTY COURT OPENED.

Large Number of People Flocked into Waxahachie.

Waxahachie, Tex., Oct. 17.—(Special.)—Today being first Monday and calling of county court, the town has been flooded with visitors all day. The commissioners' court met also, but owing to the absence of advising architect Hargraves of Fort Worth, no estimate was made on the court house. Twenty-six offenders pleaded guilty before County Judge J. C. Smith today. Twenty-one of these were charged with gambling, some in public places, and some for playing on Sunday.

Last night's heavy rain cut today's cotton picking lower than for any day since the season opened. Sixteen thousand, seven hundred and fifty bales have been received up to date.

Waxahachie is a boom.

The Standard Suit.

New York, Oct. 17.—A special to the World from Washington says: Mrs. Leland Stanford is very hopeful that the suit against Senator Stanford's estate, which will be appealed to the United States supreme court, will be argued and a decision reached on or before next June. Attorney General Harmon told her that nothing could be done here until the decision of the judges who rendered an opinion on her favor in California last week is received at the department of justice. She has retained Joseph H. Choate of New York to represent her before the supreme court. They have a consultation last night at the Arlington hotel, where Mrs. Stanford is staying.

Insurrection in Yucatan.

Merida, Yucatan, Oct. 17.—The governor's office has ordered 250 troops of the national guards destined for the war against the rebellious Chan Santos Caste Indians. Federal general Lorenzo Garcia is marching with two battalions to the front.

Eighteen men gathering ships for the New York market have disappeared and have fallen into the hands of the savages.

Russia and Japan.

New York, Oct. 17.—A special to the Herald from St. Petersburg says: Russia is present in intention to allow Japan a free hand in Korea in connection with the outbreaks. As a sign of pacific intentions the governor of the Amur, General Danilovsky, has been granted leave to come to St. Petersburg.

A MILITARY PARADE

AND INDIAN DANCES AT DENVER ARE FEATURES

OF THE GRAND FESTIVAL OF MOUNTAIN AND PLAIN-THROUGHS OF PEOPLE ARE IN THE CITY.

Denver, Oct. 17.—Never has such a crowd been seen in Denver as that now in attendance on the first annual festival of the mountain and plain. Railroads are estimated to have brought 15,000 passengers to the city in the past two days. A grand military parade was given this morning in which the Federal troops from Fort Logan, the entire national guard of the state of Colorado, Grand Army posts, and Sons of Veterans participated. A very unique feature of the celebration today was furnished by the bands of the Santa Clara or Pueblo Indians and Utes, old-time foes, now occupy adjoining camps in the city park. The Pueblos gave their arcos, or bow and arrow dances, in Utes a social dance, music being furnished by the Teller institute band of Indian boys.

New Brunswick Elections.

St. Johns, N. B., Oct. 17.—The provincial elections resulted in great triumph for Premier Blair. Every county in the province elected the full government, the only exception being York, which sends four opposition men. Among the defeated opposition men is Hon. W. E. Percival, who has had a seat in local legislature for a half a century.

In the house of forty-six members, the opposition will have nine men.

Terrific Waterspout.

New York, Oct. 17.—A special to a local paper from Tegucigalpa says: A waterspout broke near this city Tuesday morning, drowning eighteen persons and destroying a church and several houses.

FACIAL HUMOURS

Prevented by

Cuticura Soap

As it is to be seen because of clearing facial humours is the condition of thousands who live in ignorance of the fact that in Cuticura soap is to be found the purest, sweetest, and most effective skin purifier and beautifier in the world. For pimples, blackheads, red and oily skin, red, rough hands with shapeliness, dry, chapped, and falling hair, it is wonderful.

Write for the world. British agents: F. W. W. & Co. Ltd., 100, Queen's Road, London, E. C. 4.

W. T. ORTON, C. T. A. Fort Worth, Tex.

School Books!

SCHOOL SUPPLIES!

Low Prices—Best Goods.

Only Complete Line in Town.

No. 609 Houston Street.

H. N. CONNER & CO.

DR. R. C. FLOWER,

OF BOSTON, MASS.

Dr. R. C. Flower to Make a Professional Trip Through Texas

The patients of Dr. R. C. Flower will be glad to know that he has arranged a professional visit through the state of Texas as follows:

Corpus Christi, Texas, Commercial Hotel, Monday, October 21.

Waco, Texas, Hotel Royal, Tuesday, October 22.

Fort Worth, Texas, Hotel Royal, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, October 23 and 24.

Denison, Texas, McDaniel Hotel, Friday, October 25.

Paris, Texas, Hotel Peterson, Saturday, October 26.

It is claimed by Dr. Flower's friends that he can diagnose any disease of any person without asking the patient a question, and that he is the only living physician who can scientifically do so without making a mistake.

The Boston Globe says: "In the treatment of cancer, consumption, tumor, heart, and other troubles, Dr. R. C. Flower has no equal in the world."

The Boston Traveler says: "There is no experiment in Dr. R. C. Flower's practice. Able as he is to tell any one his disease, without asking a question, he is not likely to doctor his patients for the wrong disease."

The New York Tribune says: "Dr. R. C. Flower of Boston is the highest authority on chronic diseases and enjoys the largest practice of any living physician."

Our readers will see that this visit of Dr. R. C. Flower to Texas will enable the sick to consult him close to their homes.

M. K. "KATY" & T.

Railway.

New Train,

Quickest Time,

Best Serv.

Wagner Buffet Sleepers

and Free Reclining

Chair Cars, without

change between Fort

Worth, Kansas City,

Hannibal, Chicago, St.

Louis, Houston, Austin

and San Antonio.